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日六廿月七未已次華人國事中

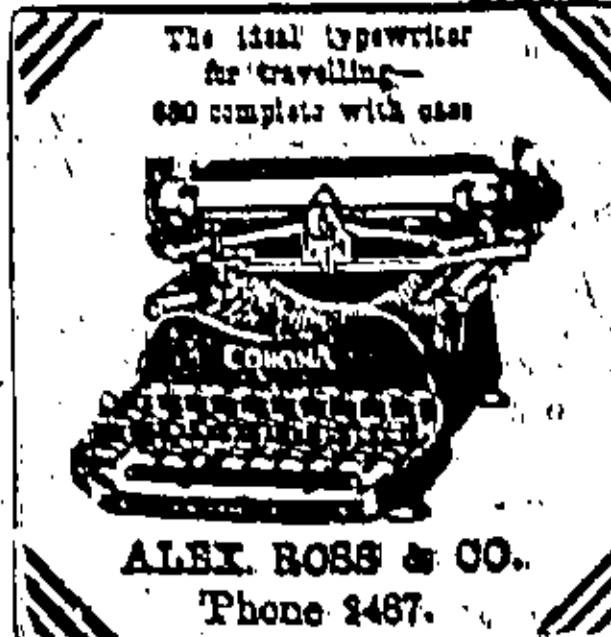
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HONGKONG, THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1919.

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TO-DAY'S CABLES.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

PREMIER'S SPEECH.

AWAITING AMERICA.

[The first part of this speech
appeared yesterday.]

LONDON, Aug. 19.

The government would also submit a scheme for the utilisation of the waterpower of the country for industrial purposes. He emphasised the importance of fostering imperial trade, not with a view of increasing our trade, but from the important standpoint of the empire and civilisation. He had several communications from statesmen of the Dominions upon the importance of fostering imperial trade by improving communications between the Dominions and the mother country, also India, and chiefly in quickening transport.

"An Imperial investigation commission will be constituted representing the British and dominion Governments, also commercial interests, with view to carrying out a scheme to improve and increase trade between the Dominions, India, and the mother land by improving the communications of the Empire." The Premier announced that in the interim the policy of trade restrictions would definitely terminate on Sept. 1. They had been and remained the shield of industries during demobilisation and transition from war to peace, but the only result of maintaining them after that date would be to artificially increase prices already too high.

He hoped peace would be ratified by the beginning of September. Till then it would be recklessness to reduce the army to a peace footing. He mentioned that the delay of peace with Austria, Bulgaria and Turkey was owing to the fact we were waiting to know whether America was prepared to take her share in guaranteeing the protection of peoples who, if unprotected, would be subject to terrorism, plunder, and murder.

WHITE MAN'S BURDEN.

The future of the British Empire depended on the settlement of the Turkish question. The government had received appeals from all quarters, including the conference internationale at Lucerne, not to withdraw the troops from the Caucasus. The inhabitants had also appealed to the same effect, a fact of which he was proud (cheers). There were also other places from which we couldn't withdraw all our troops, present, but he promised that the army estimates were being examined on the basis that the great menace to Europe was ended, hence considerable reductions would be effected. They must remember, however, that soldiers pay had trebled and the cost of material doubled.

THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

The greatest economy could be effected if the great nations which had promoted the League of Nations trusted it. (cheers) If they increased their armaments, the League was a sham. (cheers) Those who believed in it most must trust it most. Britain was ready to trust it. Let others do likewise. (cheers) Referring to attacks on the Government, he asked was it wise or fair or generous when all systems of Government were being challenged to give democracy the impression that the government was guilty of nothing but mistakes, scandals, and inefficiency, putting nothing to the credit side?

The Premier concluded by declaring that with a clear eye, a steady hand, and a willing heart, the ship of state would reach calmer, bluer water. (cheers)

AUSTRIAN COMPLAINTS.

LONDON, Aug. 19. The Supreme Council considered an Austrian Note complaining of aggression by Magyar and Rumanian troops in West Hungary, which the peace treaty assigned to Austria.

There will, however, be protest against interference in West Hungary, as endangering friendly relations with German Austria. Hungary says the German-speaking population of Hungary, which is "flesh of our flesh," can only be freed from the terrors of Bolshevism by national troops sent thither.

WELSH CHURCH BILL.

LONDON, Aug. 13. The House of Commons has passed the Third Reading of the Welsh Church Bill.

SILVER.

LONDON, Aug. 18. Silver is quoted 594-575. The market is steady.

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

LUK TSING-CHEUNG'S MOVE- MENTS.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 20.

Luk Tsing-teung has telegraphed to the Peking Government that he intends to return to China after the signing of the Austrian Treaty. The Government telegraphed back, asking him to remain at his post.

INTERNAL PEACE.

Wong Yip-tong, the newly appointed chief delegate for the North, stated that both the North and the South can share equally the responsibility of abolishing the new and old parliaments.

THE ALLIED "LOAN ASSOCIA- TION."

It is stated, from a foreign source, that with reference to the new loan consortium, Great Britain and America want that each Power should enjoy equal interest to lend money to China. Japan, however, wants that special arrangement should be made in lending money to China, with reference to Manchuria and Mongolia.

THE SHANTUNG SETTLEMENT.

Japan now wants special interests and privileges in Manchuria and Mongolia in return for handing Kiaochau back to China.—Hongkong Chinese Commercial News.

CHINESE TELEGRAMS.

[Translated for The China Mail from the Wah Yee Yat Po.]

THE RUSSIAN TROOPS AND MONGOLIA.

LONDON, Aug. 18. Reuter learns that the United Ukrainian troops are continuing the strike on the N.Y. subway and elevated railways. Both sides are making concessions. The strike is expected to end abruptly.

BOLSHEVIKS STILL LOSING. STILL FIGHTING.

LONDON, Aug. 18. Reuter learns that the United Ukrainian troops are continuing the strike on the N.Y. subway and elevated railways. Both sides are making concessions. The strike is expected to end abruptly.

OUR PRINCE.

HALIFAX NOVA SCOTIA, Aug. 18. The Prince of Wales landed and was enthusiastically received by the usual crowds. The route was lined by war veterans.

DAYLIGHT SAVING REPEALED IN U.S.A.

WASHINGTON, August 19. The House of Representatives, disregarding the President's veto, passed the Daylight Saving Repeal Bill by 223 votes to 101. The Bill goes to the Senate.

AUSTRIA AND CHINA.

PARIS, August 19. A commission has been appointed to consider the question of Austrian interests outside Europe, whereof the most important is the Austrian application for permission on the ground of poverty to collect from China the Austrian share of the Boxer indemnity.

SHIPS IN HARBOUR.

List of vessels in port this morning.

Japanese.

Sunning Burmubet Juchow Gothic Prince Wosang Haikun Wasin Loengang Arents Shantung Sungsang Liershing Taksang Cheong Shing Cyclops Empress of Japan British Isles Tyndareus Chiehchang Phempenh Volute Humberball Cardium

Chinese.

Persia Maru Kashima Maru Iwata Maru Aki Maru Nanyo Maru 3 Nankai Maru Koun Maru Tamon Maru No. 1 Africa Maru Chiyo Maru Udo Maru Kaojo Maru Taiwan Maru Masayoshi Maru

Dr. WU TING-FANG.

PEKING, Aug. 19.

Rumour runs here that Wu Ting-fang has sent a telegram to the Peking Government from Canton offering to go himself to Shanghai to join hands with the North delegates.

ARE YOU GOING ON A JOURNEY?

CHAMBERLAIN'S Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy should be packed in your hand luggage when going on a journey. Change of weather, diet and temperature all tend to produce bowel trouble. This medicine cannot be secured on board the train or steamer. It may save much suffering and inconvenience if you have it handy. For sale by all Chemists and Storeskeepers.

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To Reduce our War Stocks,
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AUGUST 19 : SEPTEMBER 8.

REDUCTION SALE.

We ordered and ordered during War, to make sure of having enough for our Customers.

Stuff keeps coming and coming, during Peace, so that we have too much.

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AUGUST 19 TO SEPTEMBER 8.

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WE INVITE YOUR ENQUIRIES.

BIRTH.

JENSEN.—On June 26, at Copenhagen, to Mr. and Mrs. F. V. Jensen, of Shanghai, a son.

MARRIAGE.

GODDARD—ARCHIBALD.—On July 17, at North Vancouver, B.C., Frederick Douglas Goddard, son of the late Capt. F. D. Goddard, of Hongkong, to Aileen Archibald, of Vancouver.

DEATH.

GEORGIADIS.—On August 13, at Shanghai, Nicolas Georgiadis (Greek). ROCHE.—At Shanghai, Dolphy, the beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Roche, aged 9 years.

The China Mail.

"TRUTH, JUSTICE, PUBLIC SERVICE."
HONGKONG, THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1919.

THE BOY, O.B.E.

If anybody deserves the O.B.E., or something better, it is The Boy. What life here would be without The Boy men hardly ever think, or they would shudder at it even in the hottest weather. They bully him, they are unreasonably angry with him when the liver gets clogged and prickly heat does a witch's dance across their epidermis, but they depend upon him. As an infant crying for its mother, so men shout for The Boy. He may squeeze. He does squeeze. If he doesn't there is something the matter with him, and he will die young. He may make mistakes (who doesn't?) but he will not make the same mistake twice. But he is always there, quiet, patient, deaf, attentive, unrebellious under great provocation, tolerant of the most extraordinary whims of the crazy Foreign Devil, and a factor of comfort and a great saver of trouble at all times.

We are talking, of course, of the bachelor's Boy. A bachelor with a good, well-trained Boy has no right to get married—he is spoiled for marriage—and he certainly has no adequate reason for changing his state. Good Boys and good Mens rarely flock together, for some reason. Boys rarely like Mens—and it is seldom, we hear Mens, ditto, in praise of The Boy. Herein is a great mystery, beyond our understanding.

ling over the *China Mail*, and saying what a rotten rag it is, is a product of the Boy. Immaculate, pleasant to behold, like a stage play, "Presented by Ah Wong." That cheerful optimist believed for his equal temperament and amiability, it is really an achievement by The Boy. Less comfortable, less well-looked after, he would be another man; he would show a different temper. It is true, it is overlooked. Father and mother, valet and nurse and earthly Providence, all these and more is The Boy. Let us recollect it once in a while. Let us try to imagine our lives here without him. Blessed be the inventor of The Boy.

REFORMATORY WANTED? OR
A JUVENILE COURT?

Nobody will disagree with the pious platitudes of the "expert criminologist" of the Salvation Army which we quote to-day. They should really go without saying. The criticism of the Government, however, in this matter, is not so well informed as it might be. We take it the Salvationist is a recent arrival and has not yet grasped the nature of the difficulty under which our Government labours. It is this.

Had we a fixed population, a

permanently domiciled community,

there would be no excuse for our

lack of a reformatory. But we haven't. We are up against the problem of catering in that way for an enormous proportion of the entire juvenile population of South China. They are coming and going all the time. It is this which makes all our educational work, in which the Government really has not done so badly, look so ineffectual. The other day, when we quoted the report of the Director of Education as showing a great reduction in the percentage of revenue allotted to education, we overlooked the recent abnormal growth of revenue, which makes such statistics invalid. There is still no good reason, of course why we should not have a special Court for juvenile offenders, and we should very much like to see it conducted by a bench of lady Justices of the Peace. Our cadets, who sentence infants to formidably long jail sentences when they are obviously mere catapaws of adult smugglers in the background, have not got the right perspective. They are looking more to the political dilemma of the Government, caused by this device of using children to smuggle opium. Children are cheap, here—they can be and are bought and sold—and the smuggling of opium cannot be stopped by imprisoning babies. A certain amount of sympathy is due to the Government in such a quandary, but it will forfeit it all if it persists in these long incarcerations of children. To provide a reformatory, as we have indicated, for all the juvenile offenders passing through Hongkong, we should need to take in half the large buildings of the Colony. In any case, a reformatory does not always reform. We hear serious complaint about reformatories at Home, where merely temporarily naughty boys are herded with temperately vicious boys and permanently contaminated. To be doing with, and while we all try to think of practical suggestions for the Government, we might ask it to consider the immediate advisability of a juvenile court. That would at any rate prove that we are not behind the rest of the world in recognizing that we owe special consideration and special duties to the children.

SHANGHAI CHINESE.

The Shanghai Chinese, who pay municipal rates, now think it is full time they were represented on the Municipal Council. The rates have recently been increased. A lot of them are refusing to pay rates, with the avowed object of forcing the Council to consider their claim to representation. The N. C. Daily News said that if they were willing the Councillors had no power to do this. It was matter to be decided by the ratemakers, and would take time. The *Shun Pao*, a local vernacular paper, said:

The S.M.C. may not be able to agree to the request of the Chinese at once. But nothing could prevent them from expressing their willingness to help, without a formal step may be taken in the matter.

After that, the Chinese should pay up. To this the N. C. Daily News rejoins that its "contemporary" is at fault!

"The Council cannot even express

their willingness to help, without a

mandate from the ratemakers." That's bunkum. The Chinese paper is right and the English paper wrong. The Council expressed its willingness to muzzle the Press with a new bylaw, before it got its mandate from the (chiefly Japanese) voters. Where's the difference? The N. C. Daily News probably knows quite well that every man Jack of them would be dead, against Chinese representation on the Municipal Council. Why not admit it? Why the humbug? It certainly doesn't diddle the Chinese. We should advise the Shanghai Chinese, if we had any business to butt in, which we haven't, to pay their rates after the Council has undertaken, as a body, to submit their claim to the next meeting of ratemakers. This, by the way, is the line the Chinese are likely to take without advice.

His many friends will be pleased to hear that Mr. A. A. Wilson, of our editorial staff, is doing as well as can be expected at the Government Civil Hospital. His right leg has been set, and Dr. McKenna is waiting for the brutes to heal before it can be set in plaster-of-paris. His left leg, which was very badly injured, and far more painful, is receiving daily attention. Mr. Wilson has had a constant stream of visitors since he entered the hospital. Among those who thus showed their sympathy at his frightful accident was H. E. the Officer Administering the Government, who called the morning after the accident. Mr. Wilson wished to thank all those who sent messages and letters of sympathy.

EVACUATING RUSSIA.

The classic story of the British bugler who, being tested by the enemy, was asked to sound the Retreat, and said he had never had to learn it, must have truth in it as well as humour. It may be that the British do sometimes retreat if only strategically, but we know from Reuter to-day that they don't know how to evacuate. At least, to sink a battleship, a cruiser, a transport, and a guardship is an odd way of quitting.

You recall we hope, how a week ago Mr. W. Churchill informed us all,

not only that we were abandoning armed intervention in Russia, but

that we had never really meant to go on with it. We had decided to quit at the beginning of the year, he said. If Reuter says that we sunk all those Russian warships on the evening of August 18 (Monday evening) there must be terminological inexactitudes about. During the war Mr. Churchill, we recall, resigned his Parliamentary position and placed his sword at the service of the Empire. Perhaps he found that in Twentieth Century warfare swords are out of date, and that poison gas is more effective. We only say perhaps. Anyway he is back at the old stand, proving that the tongue is mightier.

STALE NEWS.

The Telegraph company is dealing with Father Time at some men do with moneylenders, incurring debts to pay debts, and getting no favor. We're again getting Reuter messages eight days old. Now from idols and from Colony governments the petitioner gets small response, but perhaps the Cable Company people may be amenable to suggestion.

While they are working hard wiping out arrears, other arrears must be piled up. We suggest, and we fancy all the other press will agree with us (for once) that the Telegraph people should dump all the Press messages they have on hand that are more than two days old. Thus they will catch up, and we will be enabled to give our people news that is news.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

To-day's dollar is worth 3s. 9 15/16d.

The marriage took place at the American Consulate, Tientsin, on August 16, of Miss Edith Mace to Mr. J. P. Meders.

Mr. Eldon Potter, the popular barrister, is leaving for Canada on Sept. 4, to accompany Mrs. Potter and the children back to the Colony.

Mr. Robert Ryles, Banvard's leading man, has severed his connection with the Company. He is staying on in Hongkong until he can get a passage back to America.

Excellent pictures with classic music combined makes the Hongkong Theatre very popular among the cinema-goers. It is no exaggeration if we say: "Go to the Hongkong Theatre if we wish to appreciate good music."

Captain H. S. Openshaw, M.C., East Surreys, who was one of the contingent to go Home by the s.s. "Arcadia" in January, 1915, has just returned to Shanghai. He is leaving for Tientsin, where he will be with the firm of Caldwell, Mac-Gregor and Co.

The marriage takes place shortly at St. Joseph's Church of Mr. H. C. Pomery and Miss Eileen O'Sullivan who figured in a recent picnic incident when they were drifted out to sea by the tide and had to spend the best part of the night in a small yacht.

The war-record of Lieut.-Col. (late Brigadier General) R.N. Bray is as follows:—Five times mentioned in despatches, awarded the D.S.O. promoted Brevet Lieut.-Colonel, awarded C.M.G. Lieut.-Col. Bray is now in command of the Duke of Wellington's Regiment.

It is being hoped that an endearing will be made by the Hongkong C.C. to arrange for one or two tennis matches between Shanghai, Malaya and Hongkong during the stay of the visitors in the Colony in November. Two of the best tennis players in Malaya, E. Oliver and N. Grenier, are almost certain to come with the cricketers and a match between that pair and the doubles champions of Hongkong would be well worth watching.

His many friends will be pleased to hear that Mr. A. A. Wilson, of our editorial staff, is doing as well as can be expected at the Government Civil Hospital. His right leg has been set, and Dr. McKenna is waiting for the brutes to heal before it can be set in plaster-of-paris. His left leg, which was very badly injured, and far more painful, is receiving daily attention. Mr. Wilson has had a constant stream of visitors since he entered the hospital. Among those who thus showed their sympathy at his frightful accident was H. E. the Officer Administering the Government, who called the morning after the accident. Mr. Wilson wished to thank all those who sent messages and letters of sympathy.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The s.s. "Chekiang" (Capt. Walker) cleared for Shanghai at 4 p.m., to-day with 800 tons of general cargo.

Ticket 138 won the Pink Crepe-Chine Petticoat etc. Rafted in aid of the Ministering Childrens League.

The s.s. "Tyndareus" (Captain Stout) sailed for Seattle via Keelung and Yokohama at 3 p.m., to-day with 5,000 tons of general cargo.

The "Inaba Maru" which arrived in port today from Yokohama via Shanghai is carrying 13 Germans destined for the Marshall Islands.

The "Arteus" is leaving port to-morrow for Home. Lt.-Col. W. M. Passby, R.G.A., will go with the military contingent demobilized.

The s.s. "Aki Maru" (Capt. Shibusawa) which arrived from Yokohama at 7 a.m., to-day, brought 131 tons of general cargo for Hongkong.

The s.s. "Gothic Prince" (Capt. Chambers) arrived from New York at 11 a.m., yesterday with 8,300 tons of through cargo. She brought no mails.

The s.s. "Wasun" (Capt. Summerville) which arrived from K. C. Wan at 6 p.m., on the 19th inst., brought 100 tons of general cargo and one bag of mails.

The s.s. "Nankai Maru" (Capt. Shimada) which arrived from Semarang at 11.30 yesterday morning, brought in a cargo of 1,550 tons of sugar and hard molasses.

The s.s. "Sunning" (Capt. Benson) which arrived from Shanghai at 8 a.m., to-day brought 650 tons of general cargo and 93 bags and 13 baskets of mails.

The s.s. "Luchow" (Capt. Merse) which arrived from Bangkok at 10.50 a.m., yesterday, brought 700 tons of teakwood and general cargo. She also brought 2 bags of mails.

The s.s. "Kwongsang" (Capt. Woodgett) which arrived from Shanghai at 10.30 a.m., yesterday, brought 800 tons of general cargo and 74 bags of mails for Hongkong.

The following are the latest additions to the merchant vessels in harbour this morning: "Burrunbeet," "Sunning," "Persia Maru," "Inaba Maru," and "Aki Maru."

The s.s. "Inaba Maru" (Capt. Kusaba) arrived here from Yokohama at 6 a.m., to-day, with a cargo of 973 tons of coal for Hongkong and a cargo of cotton, beans and silk goods for America. She also brought 134 bags of mails.

A third man has been arrested in connection with the theft of a large quantity of steel, valued at \$5,000, from the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company. The hearing of the case has been fixed for August 28.

The s.s. "Persia Maru" (Capt. Kondo) which arrived here from San Francisco via Yokohama at 7.30 a.m. to-day, brought a cargo of 973 tons of coal for Hongkong and a through cargo of cotton, beans and silk goods for America. She also brought 50 packages of mails.

A boxer at Wanchai was attacked by another man this morning with a chopper and seriously injured. The Police removed the man in an ambulance to the Hospital. The man who was conscious refused to divulge any information concerning his assailant.

The s.s. "Burrunbeet" (Capt. Watson) which arrived from Chin-wan-tao at 6 a.m., to-day brought 2,400 tons of coal for Hongkong. She reports striking a junk off Tamtoo Ho. The main mast was broken off and the junk left in an incapable condition. No lives were lost.

H.M.S. "Colombo," one of the light cruisers destined for the China Squadron, left London on July 16, on her way to the Yangtze. She will return Home with demobilised naval units, calling at Colombo and Malta on her way back. When next she comes out East she will be stationed in Hongkong.

A little Chinese boy was charged at the Magistracy this morning, with hawking without a licence. He was put in the dock along with the real criminals. When asked if he had a licence the boy cried, stating that his mother was too poor and could not afford to buy a licence. Sentence: Ten strokes with the birch.

During Marquis Saiao's short stay in Hongkong, the residence of Mr. Yasuda, the N. Y. K. Manager, where he spent the day, was guarded by three Indian constables. During the "At Home" by the Japanese community at the Hongkong Hotel, two English detectives were on duty upstairs to attend to any prowling visitors, while two extra-Indian constables guarded the main entrance to the Hotel.

THE MAKING OF CRIMINALS.

A FEW SUGGESTIONS.

THE NEED FOR A REFORMATORY.

"A Child-lover" writes:

I was speaking to a Salvation Army officer, an expert criminologist a few days ago—on the question of crimes and criminals and the first question he asked me was: Is there a reformatory in Hongkong?

"No" I answered. "The Government does not consider it a necessity; in fact, in their opinion, a reformatory would be a veritable white elephant."

"How did they arrive at that opinion?" queried my friend. "What do they do with juvenile offenders?"

"Do they thrash them, or send them to prison, or let them off scot-free?"

The Hongkong Government dislikes public inquisitiveness, although, mind you, they spend the public money.

My experience of the way juvenile criminals are treated is this. They are either ordered to be buried, or sent to the Victoria Jail, the only jail in the Colony, to serve a term of imprisonment."

What? Imprison the young with the old; the innocent youth, who committed his first crime through ignorance, with the hardened and vicious criminal who regards the jail as his home, surely not?

It is a shame, a down-right shame, I say, and one which the Home authorities should be made cognisant of. You do not mean to tell me that in this enlightened age, when civilization has reached such a standard of almost perfection, such a heinous act, for heinous it is, is committed."

"But then," I interrupted, "the boys who are sent to jail are separated from the hardened criminal. They do not work in the same atmosphere, so to speak. They get a room all to themselves, or at least the Government tells us so. Not having visited the jail, I cannot say what the exact position is. I do know this, that when a boy or girl is charged, whether it be for hawking or petty larceny, he or she is placed in the same dock with the murderer, the man who seduces women, the old criminal who cares not a jot what his sentence is to be, the woman who keeps houses of ill-fame, and others too numerous to mention. These boys and girls are surrounded by a vicious atmosphere and though feeble attempts have been made by the Press and some public-spirited gentlemen to remedy this evil, the Government has not thought it fit to follow any advice given.

The Hongkong Government runs things pretty much their own way, and turn a deaf ear to public opinion. But I have run away with myself; perhaps you can give the public some suggestions which would be helpful.

Saying I handed the officer the following—

The Chairman then put the first resolution:—That a reformatory or industrial school be provided to which the Magistrates should have power to commit juvenile offenders.

Mr. Schofield: I should like to remind reformatories, that these should be conducted by voluntary bodies—either Christian societies or Chinese benevolent societies. I do not think the reformatories should be Government institutions, though the Government might be asked to help substantially.

The Chairman: Is not the Borstal system in England under Government control?

Another person remarked that it was. There was a Belilio reformatory in Hongkong which was a distinct failure; the building was now occupied by the French Con

NOTICES.

MEMBERS OF A TRIAD SOCIETY.

THEIR "MASONIC" SIGNS.

A case heard at the Magistracy, yesterday afternoon, before Mr. N. L. Smith, in which four men and a boy were charged with unlawfully keeping a Triad Society, threw some light into the mystery connected with the enrolment of members.

Mr. Mok Lai Chee, headmaster of the Morrison English School, who is an expert in reading secret documents, was called. He stated he had examined all the documents which were found in defendants' quarters. One exhibit contained rhymes and pass words of the Society; another had questions and answers, and special names for identifying members. Five stones and five straws were part before a man, and if certain questions were correctly answered then the man was acknowledged a legal member of the Society. Another exhibit was a circular seal sent by the Wan Sun Society to officers and members soliciting money for the purchasing of furniture, while yet another was a letter sent by the Wan Sun Society Board (which happened to be the Wan Sun, asking leave to attend an important meeting.)

Inspector Watt deposed that under an arms warrant he went on August 11, accompanied by a Chinese detective, to Yu Yee Lane, and found defendants sitting round a table in the hall playing cards. On searching the place he found a basket containing all the documents. He brought the defendants to the Station. Confusing, he said, that on a previous night a fight occurred between Sanitary Board members and members of the Society, when knives and daggers were used. He received information that on the night of August 11 a fight would take place and these participating were to be found in Yu Yee Lane.

First defendant denied that he was a member. He had only visited the house to find a friend. Second defendant also denied membership, but the third confessed he was a member. The fifth defendant said he was engaged there as boy and knew nothing of the Society's affairs. His sole duty was to sweep the door. He did not know that the basket (containing the documents) was in the hall.

Mr. Smith passed sentence of two months' imprisonment on each of the defendants.

HONGKONG'S HOTEL ACCOMMODATION.

The hotel accommodation in Hongkong has never been so severely tested as in the past few months, and the experiences of some visitors would have been amusing if it had not been so decidedly uncomfortable and annoying.

A European lady who arrived in the Colony on the "Empress of Japan" ponded out her woes into the ears of a *Club Mail* reporter. "When I arrived in Hongkong," she said, "with my two children, a complete stranger, I naturally went into the Hongkong Hotel. To my surprise I was told that the hotel was full up, and several other people on the "Japan" had been similarly refused. I then went to other two hotels, only to be met with the same story. Hotels full up. I was too tired to go about hunting for a room and I therefore got on to a telephone and enquired from every hotel I could find in the book, but they were all full up, they said."

"To make a long story short, I found a room at last at a Chinese hotel. It was better than nothing, I suppose, but the past few days have been a nightmare, and I shall never come to Hongkong again if I know it. You know what a Chinese hotel is like, so I will not describe the inconveniences I had to undergo. My children are feeling it more than I, though we are having most of our meals at one of the big hotels, and spending most of our time tramping the streets and looking at the shops till our boat sails again."

It has to be emphasised that the experience of this lady has not been a solitary experience among recent visitors to Hongkong. There does not appear to be any immediate solution of the problem. The Hongkong Hotel has recently raised the rates charged to permanent boarders, but this had very little effect, for nearly everyone preferred to stay on and pay the increased charges. The Hotel is not taking any more permanent boarders, as the management feel it their duty to provide as much accommodation as possible for visitors. As a matter of fact, it is getting to be a very common thing to go into the Hongkong Hotel any day and be told that it is full up.

The Repulse Bay Hotel is to be opened on October 1, but the living rooms will not be ready for at least three months after that. Some of the rooms at the new Hotel have already been booked.

SUPPLIED BY ALL CHEMISTS.
PHYSICIANS prescribe Chamberlain's
P. Cole and Diarrhoea Remedy because it relieves cramps in the stomach and intestinal pains quicker than any preparation they can compound. It can be bought from any chemist. A bottle will keep a year, and no home is complete without it. For sale by All Chemists and Storeskeepers.

HONGKONG'S NEW RIVAL

FORMOSA THE BEAUTIFUL
KEELUNG AND THE PACIFIC TRADE.

[By ALFRED E. PIERRE.]

The last of Hongkong, the fairy-land of far South China, as it gradually faded over the gently heaving stretches of the oxen, limpid waters of the Pacific, was a dim blue line of hills. Despite the warnings and rumors of possibly encountering a typhoon, there was not the faintest sign of one, and our good ship sped away east on a smooth, calm sea, streaked with golden sunlight, full of majestic beauty, a sky of ethereal blue, bounding overhead, laughing merrily at what fears we entertained.

HONGKONG'S RIVAL.

If Hongkong will ever have a new rival—both as regards trade and importance—then Formosa, the beautiful, will challenge its claims. Like an emerald set in a background of sky-blue Formosa greeted us. The sanctity, in appearance, to Hongkong was remarkable, but with this great difference that while Hongkong may be likened to a cut and finished gem Formosa is yet uncut, full of flaws, still more or less in its pristine, natural condition. Undiscovered beauty is the sweetest beauty, they say, but there is no doubt that artificial adornment by a master-hand can enhance and lead finish to natural loveliness. This is where Hongkong scores.

When Formosa is viewed from the sea the eye rests on pretty ranges of hills that the clouds dash down to, deep, dark valleys and cliffs between the foliage-clad mountains, expanses of hill-side streaked with the green tea-bush and greater fields of rice and lust, but not least, big open bays, where tiny waterfalls come suddenly, in graceful, frothy spray, to throw themselves, with youthful impetuosity, on the bosom of the golden sands. To a lover of a dip in the water these conjure up delightful thoughts.

Formosa's geographical position is a convenient distance between China and Japan—and its well-protected and large harbors, carries one away with the possibilities it possesses of developing into a great commercial centre.

Unlike the Peak of Hongkong, many of the hills flanking Keelung have comparatively flat roofs, while the sides do not slope at such sharp gradients, so that, if the place grows to be a great commercial and, consequently, big residential, centre, building on the hill-tops and hillsides will not present to the architect engineer insurmountable problems as Hongkong did.

THE CHINESE CONFLICT.

But, so far, Man has interfered little with the sublime beauty of Nature. His meddling "improvements" are not much in evidence, but signs are not wanting that the "buzz" of the Mighty Atom has commenced, and though it is only heard in the shrill treble of infant chimes that are, ere long, to develop into the lusty baritone of manhood. There is a fair business flutter in the port of Keelung, but not having been permitted to land, on account of cholera, I am unable to say anything with regard to activities ashore. Time will reveal whether Japan will succeed in her endeavors to divert towards Keelung the vast volume of Pacific trade that now streams towards Hongkong and Manila. That the Japanese are in earnest and are making a determined effort in this direction is amply evident. The startling and unmistakable object lessons learned from the recent soul-shaking, prejudice-shattering war are not lost upon them. It has left its impress indelibly behind, the mind of the Easterner has awakened from its dreamy state of semi-consciousness and has become more active, more receptive to new influences, more adaptable than it was two-score years ago, whilst the hand of time has been advanced by, at least, fifty years.

Japan is gathering her forces for the coming Titanic conflict in trade, and Formosa, to all appearances, will be one of the chief theatres of this strife.

A SCHOOL FOR GAMBLING.

A Chinaman held a street school for gambling where he gathered together all those who were anxious to learn how to skin a gullible public. Here he taught them the way to slip a card with dexterity and incidentally slipped all their loose coin into his own pockets. A detective strolled into this scene of learning and wisdom and the mentor, producing him "this morning before Mr. R. E. Lindsell."

Mr. Lindsell: So you had a lucky day?

Defendant: No; ask the constable, he had a lucky day.

Mr. Lindsell: What do you mean?

Defendant: Nothing.

Inspector Macdonald joined in the conversation. "There are several street gambling schools and the Police want it stopped."

Mr. Lindsell: \$3, the eight cents found on defendant goes into the poor box.

THE SMUGGLING OF AMMUNITION.

POLICE ENDEAVOURING TO PREVENT IT.

SEVERAL CASES DAILY.

Despite the endeavours of the Police to prevent it, the smuggling of ammunition is being carried on a systematic scale in the Colony. Every boat that arrives from England or America is watched by detectives and the passengers' luggage searched, resulting sometimes in the discovery of a quantity of ammunition cleverly concealed in a specially manufactured apparatus for containing contraband goods. This morning, at the Courts, three smugglers were charged with separate offences.

One man was charged before Mr. R. E. Lindsell with being in unlawful possession of 1140 rounds of ammunition.

Defendant stated that he was engaged by a hawker on the Empress of Japan to convey a parcel to the Kowloon Ferry Wharf. He was not aware of the contents of the parcel.

Sergeant Aris stated that two men were noticed leaving the Kowloon Wharf, one carrying a cobbler's basket. When the Police approached the couple, the man carrying the basket ran away. The coolie was arrested and around his girdle was discovered 200 rounds of ammunition. There were 1,200 rounds of ammunition in the basket.

Defendant: The hawker asked me to put the ammunition in a girdle and tie it round my waist.

Mr. Lindsell: It is hardly fair that

this man should be charged with the possession of the whole quantity of ammunition. I shall fine him \$200 for his lot.

A passenger from America, who arrived in the Colony on a Blue Funnel Boat was charged with the unlawful possession of one Colt revolver, one Smith-Wesson revolver, and 853 rounds of ammunition, which were discovered concealed in a specially constructed box. Mr. Smith fined defendant \$50, whereupon Inspector Brazil evinced some surprise. "Only \$50 for that lot," he said. "Yes" said Mr. Smith. "The revolvers and ammunition are confiscated."

The principal tenant of a house of ill-fame, who had recently been fined \$50, for keeping an unlicensed brothel, was charged with the unlawful possession of 50 rounds of ammunition.

A Chinese girl, living in the same house, was arrested in connection with a similar amount.

Sergeant Willis stated that he visited the house with a search warrant and discovered a quantity of the ammunition concealed underneath a bed mattress. The girl was found to be in possession of another 50 rounds.

Witness believed that the principal tenant was a dealer in arms because the bullets were all of different calibres. The Police had received information that the house was visited by bad characters and had kept a watch in the place for quite a long while in the endeavour to arrest them. He asked the Magistrate to deal severely with the defendants.

Mr. Smith remarked that the woman seemed to be the tool of the man and that the ammunition was given her by him. He discharged the woman and sentenced defendant to 12 months' hard labour.

32-YEAR-OLD CORPSE.

With its clothes and with a note-book in a pocket perfectly legible a corpse has been found completely preserved at the bottom of a gouraud meter at Droux, near Paris, of a man who died there on September 18, 1897.

H. E. Service H. C. da Silva, the new Governor of Macao, Senhor da Silva and Capt. F. H. Correia, A.D.C., arrived this morning by the "Persia Maru." They are leaving the Hongkong Hotel. They leave for Macao on Saturday.

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET.

TO LET.—From October 1st, a SIX-BOOLED HOUSE furnished. Good location in Kowloon. Apply Box No. 1142, care of "CHINA MAIL."

FOR SALE.

At their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Voeux Road, Corner of Ice House Street,

ONE FINE TONE PIANO,

by The Orchestrelle Co., England.

(Practically New).

Particulars from the undersigned.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, August 21, 1919.

TO-DAY'S NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction.

(For Account of the Concerned.)

SATURDAY,

August 30, 1919, at 10.30 a.m.

at their Sales Rooms, No. 8,

Des Voeux Road, Corner of

Ice House Street.

Several lots of LINEN GOODS,

just arrived from Chefoo.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, August 21, 1919.

PUBLIC AUCTIONS.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to sell by Public Auction.

on

MONDAY August 25, 1919,

commencing at 11 a.m.

at Holt's Wharf, Kowloon,

A Quantity of Scotch

STEEL PLATES.

3 pieces 6' x 20' x 9/16"

4 do 6' x 20' x 1/2"

4 do 6' x 20' x 3/8"

35 do 6' x 20' x 5/16"

10 do 6' x 20' x 3/32"

On view from Sunday, the 24th inst.

Terms:—Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, August 21, 1919.

A QUANTITY OF TENNIS BALLS.

(New).

Comprising:—

Ayres 1919 Championship,

Risley 1919.

Also

28 dozen Miller & Taylor "M & T"

Golf Balls, (New).

(various marks & weights).

Terms: Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, August 21, 1919.

FIVE TYPEWRITERS.

(Brand new rebuilt)

comprising:—

One Oliver No. 5.

One Monarch No. 3—

(22 in. carriage),

One Remington No. 10,

One Remington No. 7,

One Royal No. 5.

Terms:—Cash on delivery.

GEO. P. LAMMERT,

Auctioneer.

Hongkong, August 21, 1919.

TUESDAY, August 26, 1919,

commencing at 11 a.m.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1919.

H P P N O

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MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

S.S.	Leave Hongkong about	Duo Marseilles about	Due London about
NAGOYA KEIWA	8th September 23rd October	13th October 28th November	22nd October 4th December

BOMBAY via STRAITS & COLOMBO.

S.S.	Leaves Hongkong about	due Bombay about
DUNERA	7th Sept.	18th Sept.

CALCUTTA via STRAITS and RANGOON.

ARRATON APCAR	2nd Sept.	Due Calcutta 25th Sept.
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SAILINGS ALSO TO
SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE AND
YOKOHAMA.

S.S.	Leaves Hongkong about	Shanghai only
DUNERA	25th August	

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P. & O. Australian Tickets are interchangeable with the New Zealand Shipping Co. (via Panama) or by Orient Company.
Passengers may travel by P. & O. Company's steamers between Singapore and Calcutta or Madras in lieu of section P. & O. Ticket Singapore to Colombo.
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All Cabins are fitted with Electric Fans free of charge.
Steamers and sailing dates are liable to be altered without notice.

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Consignees are reminded of the necessity to apply to the Company's Agents regarding arrival of consignments expected of which they have received documents or advice.

Any damaged package must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's Surveyors Messrs. Goddard and Douglas, at 10 a.m. on Mondays and Thursdays. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

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Cargo to Overland Points U.S. in connection with Great Northern, Northern Pacific, and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railways.

KASHIMA MARU [Omitting Keelung] Saturday, 23rd August, at 11 a.m.

FUSHIMI MARU [Omitting Manila] Friday, 19th September, at 11 a.m.

LONDON & ANTWERP via Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said & Marseilles.

INABA MARU Friday, 22nd August, at Noon.

KAMO MARU Friday, 5th September, at Noon.

MELBOURNE & SYDNEY via Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Island, Townsville & Brisbane.

AKI MARU Friday, 22nd August, at 11 a.m.

TANGO MARU Wednesday, 24th September, at 11 a.m.

NEW YORK & HAVANA via Kobe, Yokohama, Murrina, San Francisco, Panama & Colon.

SOUTH AMERICAN PORTS via Cape.

BOMBAY & COLOMBO via Singapore.

KOSOKU MARU Wednesday, 3rd September.

BUWAH-WU Middle of September.

CALCUTTA & RANGOON via Singapore & Penang.

YETOROPU MARU Saturday, 6th September.

HEINAN MARU Monday, 8th September.

JAPAN PORTS—Nagasaki, Kobe & Yokohama.

TANGO MARU Saturday, 23rd August, at 11 a.m.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

BOMBAY MARU Sunday, 24th August.

SHIZUOKA MARU Thursday, 4th September, at 11 a.m.

KAGA MARU Thursday, 18th September, at 11 a.m.

EXTRA SERVICES (Marseilles, Liverpool, Antwerp, etc.)

TAJIMA MARU (Marseille & Liverpool) Friday, 23rd August.

WAKASA MARU (London & Antwerp) End of September.

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NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

S. YASUDA, Manager,

Telephone Nos. 202 & 203.

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DESTINATION.	VESSEL'S NAME	FOR FREIGHT APPLICABLE TO	TO BE DISPATCHED
San Francisco via Shanghai & Japan, &c.	Persia Maru	Toyo Kisen Kaisha	On 28th August.
San Francisco via Shanghai, Japan, &c.	Korea Maru	Toyo Kisen Kaisha	On 10th September.
San Francisco via China, Japan, &c.	Venezuela	Pacific Mail S.S. Co.	On 10th Sept., at Noon.
San Francisco via Shanghai, Japan, &c.	Ecuador	Pacific Mail S.S. Co.	On 11th Sept.
Seoul, Tacoma, Victoria & Vancouver	China	China Mail S.S. Co., Ltd.	On 12th Sept.
Victoria, Vancouver, Seattle via S.E.A., &c.	Nanking	China Mail S.S. Co., Ltd.	On 13th Sept.
Western Knights	The Admiral Line		About 31st August.
Africa Maru	Osaka Shosen Kaisha		On 23rd August.
Kashima Maru	Nippon Yusen Kaisha		On 23rd Aug., at 11 a.m.
Empress of Russia	Canadian O.S. Ltd.		On 24th August.
Empress of Asia	Canadian O.S. Ltd.		On 25th August.
King George V	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.		On 26th Aug., at 5 p.m.
Aki Maru	Nippon Yusen Kaisha		On 22nd Aug., at 11 a.m.
Anjo Maru	Toyo Kisen Kaisha		On 10th Sept.
Portland	Globe Livingston & Co.		On 3rd Sept.
Coastal	The Adria Line		About 10th October.
Tango Maru	Nippon Yusen Kaisha		On 23rd Aug., at 11 a.m.
Bombay Maru	Nippon Yusen Kaisha		On 24th August.
Dunera	P. & O. S. & A.L.		On 25th August.
Shanghai	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.		On 24th Aug., at 11 a.m.
Shanghai	Rutherford & Swire		On 25th August.
Shanghai	Jardine, Matheson & Co., Ltd.		On 26th Aug., at Noon.
Straits & Colombo	Globe Livingston & Co.		On 27th August.
Singapore, Penang & Batavia, Dili	Van Wespelaar		On 28th August.
Takao via Swatow & Amoy	Java-China Japan Lijn		On 29th Aug., at 3 p.m.
Keelung via Swatow and Amoy	Osaka Shosen Kaisha		On 29th Aug., at 9 a.m.
Swatow, Amoy & Foochow	Osaka Shosen Kaisha		On 24th Aug., at 10 a.m.
Manila	Dowell & Co., Ltd.		On 22nd Aug., at 3 p.m.
Japan	Osaka Shosen Kaisha		On 21st August.
Bombay & Colombo	Osaka Shosen Kaisha		On 22nd Aug., at Noon.
London & Antwerp	Osaka Shosen Kaisha		On 10th Sept.
London via Singapore, Malacca, Penang, Colombo, &c.	Tanaka Maru		
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These steamers have the most modern equipment including overhead electric fans and electric lighting all lower berths and large comfortable staterooms (all single and two berth only).

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Further information may be obtained at the Company's Office, Hotel Mansions, or from Messrs. Tread Cook & Son, Booking Agents, Hongkong.

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

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Steamer.	For

THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1919

THE CHINA MAIL.

AT THE CORONET.

The manager at the Coronet is a centre of radiant energy. Ideas through his brain like children a telepathic at nooning. Ice in large quantities cooled the atmosphere of the crowded Coronet Theatre last night, and in addition to that extensive fresh air was continuously pumped into the room through a newly made hole in the wall near the floor. As this current came in at the rate of五百pounds per inch per mile per second, and as it hit the ankles of people passing, some curious cups were observable. Some people stumbled over it, as it were a thing in the way. Others jumped. One man threw up his arms. Expressions on the faces of the surprised ones were mixed. They were startled, alarmed, curious, reassured, amazed.

As stated, the hall was full, even at the enhanced price caused by the expensive nature of the picture. This was Mr. Lloyd George's picture, the one he was so much chaffed about at Home. The producer was named Griffith, so we can guess why the Premier favoured him with so many press.

It is a good picture, but there is too much of it. You can have too much of a good thing, if it doesn't finish till half an hour after midnight, and you happen to live at the Park. The war scenes are the most realistic we have seen so far, and give an excellent idea of the deadly discomfort and ugly waste of it. The ways in which it affects non-combatants are also well brought out. The girl who is the focus of the love interest is a clever actress. There is an amazingly gifted child actor, a little boy whose face "registers" one emotion after another in the most convincing way. A "strong" scene is that in which the two small boys later their dead mother in a cellar. We did not like it. The tragedy of it was turned into burlesque for us owing to the impressiveness of it. Before those two children could have dug that grave, the corpse would have been in such a condition as to drive them away, especially as the producer gave them a shovel (not a spade) and no pick. An augmented orchestra played really appropriate and moving music. There were even huge calls, advances, retreat, Last Post, etc., at suitable points. These are, of course, impressions personal to the writer. The only adverse criticism overheard in the chorus of applause by the emerging audience referred to the length of the show.

One more personal impression, which is not likely to occur to the average spectator. The Hun "types" portrayed were horribly brutal. Their skulls, faces, etc., fitted the characters they were made to play. One would wish to congratulate, ironically, the producer on his success in finding amongst British actors so many "Hannish" looking brutes.

TWO FLYING OFFICERS' SENTENCE.

CHARGES OF SELLING GOVERNMENT PROPERTY.

A verdict of guilty was returned by the jury at Middlesex Sessions in the case of the two R.A.F. officers, Lieut. Charles Hankey and Lieut. Charles Joseph Young, who were charged with selling property belonging to the Government. William John Twigg and Thomas Oswin, motor engineers, of Hampton, were found guilty of receiving the property.

It was alleged that when left to superintend the transfer of certain stores from Hursley Park to other depots, Lieutenant Hankey sold a pair of lorry wheels and magneto part to Oswin for £20, and 10 barrels of lubricating oil for £10 to Twigg, and also other accessories to Twigg for £15.

Lieut. Hankey, who gave evidence, said that he honestly believed he had a right to sell the goods, and it was his intention to hand over the money he received to the Air Ministry, but he was arrested before he could do this.

Counsel for Oswin and Twigg characterised the verdict as surprising and astounding. He asked for a certificate to enable him to go to the Court of Criminal Appeal and say the verdict was wrong. Mr. Sharpe promised to consider the application, and released Twigg and Oswin pending his decision.

In the case of the two officers, Mr. Sharpe said it was a most painful sentence that he had to pass. Both the accused were in positions of trust. He ordered Lieut. Hankey, who was the superior officer at Hursley Park, to prison for 12 months, and Lieut. Young to prison for nine months, both in the second division. It was stated, that both officers would, as a result of the conviction, lose a considerable gratuity each.

KEEP IT HANDY.

IMMEDIATE relief is necessary in attacks of diarrhoea. Chamberlain's "John and Elizabeth" Remedy should always be on hand. For sale by all chemists.

SCOTTISH SPORT.—
(From Our Own Correspondent)

THE AUSTRALIANS IN SCOTLAND.

July 9. The Australian cricketers paid a visit to Scotland and met three Scottish teams. Two of the games were, however, speaking, exhibition games, but the other again a side chosen by the Scottish Cricket Union, was thoroughly representative in its character.

The Western District Eleven made a scratchy show at Pollok. To permit the Australians to amass the remuneration total of 738 for six wickets was bad enough; but to make such feeble replies as 85 and 88 was simply humiliating. There was no excuse for the Western men except that they were overplayed and perhaps overawed. The Australians put on no less than four centuries. W. L. Tremerry, 118; E. A. Bell, 103; J. T. Murray, 130 not out; and W. S. Stirling, 125 not out.

In the Union game at Roeburne Place, Edinburgh, the Scottish eleven made a rather better appearance. In their first innings they beat the quite satisfactory total of 266, three of the team exceeding 40, and six reaching double figures. J. W. Scorie, the Carlton representative, gave a good display in his score of 73. He was at the wicket for two hours and three-quarters, and played all the Australian bowling with confidence and success. G. L. D. Hole, Edinburgh Academicals, one of the under-arms batsmen we have put on a pedestal, 57; And T. C. Dunlop, Ayr, played stylish and attractive cricket.

The Australians then gave a fine all-round appearance for 360. H. L. Collier being the principal contributor. Scotland went in for second innings, opening in a shaky fashion. They pulled themselves together somewhat, however, and just managed to save the match by the help of the time-keeper. They were 13 runs behind with two wickets in hand. J. Kerr, of Greenock, bore the brunt of the attack, and had 40 not out.

In the third engagement the Australians were faced by a Western team at Hamilton Crescent, Glasgow, and there was another 130. Scotland went in for second innings, opening in a shaky fashion. They pulled themselves together somewhat, however, and just managed to save the match by the help of the time-keeper. They were 13 runs behind with two wickets in hand. J. Kerr, of Greenock, bore the brunt of the attack, and had 40 not out.

WHAT THE FIGURES SAY.

Figures, we are told, will prove nothing. But one thing they do prove in regard to the Scottish visit of the Australians, that they are most prolific run-getters. In their three Scottish innings they scored 1,450 runs, an average of 50 runs per wicket. The Scottish sides in five innings totalled 631, or an average of 12 runs per wicket.

J. M. Gregory, the Australian express bowler, took 12 wickets in the principal game for 157 runs. Of the victims seven were clean bowled, and our were snapp'd up at wicket by W.A.A. Oldfield, a high percentage for two innings.

CLUB GAMES.

In the Scottish club games, there was some high scoring. John Donaldson, Pollok, had 129 not out at the expense of Edinburgh. G.L.D. Hole, Edinburgh Academicals, helped himself to 113 against the Academy eleven. At Portobello, W. S. Whyte ran up 132 for Forfarshire against Arbroath United. And W. S. Clements had 130 for Kirkcaldy against a team from H.M.S. "Lion."

Larrett, 125 and 80 for four; Pettes, 141 and 62—Schools Championship; Watson's, 104; Merchiston, 97—Schools Championship; Grange, 183 for 6; Drummillipell, 140; Curton, 119 for 8; Glas. Univ., 109.

Watsonians, 148; Edin. Univ., 101; Edin. Academicals, 212 for 9; Edin. Academy, 183.

Pertshire, 97 for 8; Stirling Co., 87; Forfarshire, 228; Arbroath, 111.

WHERE SCOTS GOLF IS REALLY GOOD.

Despite what English critics say, the standard of native Scottish play in golf is still high and there is no diminution in local patriotism. What will take place this week end when will be played the concluding stage of the team match of 25 each between St. Andrews and Carnoustie. This is one of the Titanic inter-club struggles in Scottish golf, and the St. Andrews team has no monopoly of either the play, winning capacity or the local patriotism. The encounter is only some 40 years old, but the series has already made much history. At first St. Andrews took the lead for a spell, then the Forfarshire men had their turn; but the match has now a more open complexion, it is anybody's victory at each meeting. St Andrews is led by L. B. Aylton, whose 87 over the Old Course last week, even though it was shorter than tournament length, was a great performance, and L. Auchterlonie, who, though he has passed the milestone of 50, is playing fine golf at present, as his 71, equaling the record of the course in the medal competition clearly shows. Other leading players of the side are James Anderson, a younger brother of George, a younger brother of whom was in 1912 Miss M. M. Ferguson, the popular professional, who was attached to the Lombardy course.

LAWN TENNIS.

The East of Scotland lawn tennis tournament was held at Liberton when Captain L. F. Davis, Purbrick was winner of the singles. He thus regained an honour which he secured when he played for Liberton Club in 1912. Miss M. M. Ferguson, the popular professional, who was attached to the Lombardy course,

AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL, HONGKONG.

TRADE INQUIRY LIST NO. 121.

Hongkong merchants are invited to correspond with American concerns seeking Hongkong connections as listed below:

No. 1106.—General Purchasing Agents.—Messrs. Wheeler, Mechanic and Eben of 2118 West Street Building, New York City, invite correspondence looking to the extension of their service as purchasing engineers.

No. 1107.—Gulfard Root.—S. B. Penick and Co., Inc., of 2340 Front Street, New York City, seek samples and prices of galangal root and invite correspondence.

No. 1108.—Purchasing Agents.—The Overseas Manufacturers' Corporation of 200 Fifth Avenue, New York City, invite correspondence from persons interested in purchasing in the United States hardware lines, leather and similar goods, hosiery, knit goods, druggists' supplies, stationery supplies, automobile electric lighting and interior telephone systems.

No. 1109.—Leather Cloth.—Zappon Leather Cloth Company of 200 Fifth Avenue, New York City, seek a Hongkong agent for the introduction of their leather cloth for use in the manufacture of automobile tops, furniture, upholstery, etc.

No. 1110.—Automobile Tires.—The Ajax Rubber Company of 213-222 West 37th Street, New York City, seek a Hongkong agent for their line of automobile and motorcycle tires and invite correspondence.

No. 1111.—Cigarettes, General Import and Export.—The Oriental Trading Company of Winona, Minnesota, seeks to introduce in Hongkong an American cigarette and cigarette correspondence. The firm also is in a position to handle general import and export trade and invites correspondence in that regard.

No. 1102.—Glue, Gelatine and Chemicals.—The United Chemical and Organic Products Co. of 111 West Washington Street, Chicago, Ills., seek Hongkong connections for the introduction of their line of gelatine, glue, fertilizers and chemicals, especially glue used in the manufacture of matches.

No. 1103.—Telephones.—The Federal Telephone and Telegraph Company of Buffalo, N.Y., indicates that it is in a position to supply telephone of any style or nature and invites correspondence.

No. 1104.—The Rebuilding Machinery.—The Hibbs Rubber Company of 200 South Broad Street, Fort Worth, Texas, seeks Hongkong connections for the introduction of its line of rebuilding machinery and invites correspondence.

No. 1105.—Women's Shoes.—The National D. Dodge Shoe Company of Newburyport, Mass., seek Hongkong connections for the introduction of its line of high grade women's American-made shoes and invite correspondence.

No. 1106.—General Import and Export.—American International Trading Company of 90 Wall Street, New York City, seek Hongkong connections in the general import and export trade and invite correspondence.

No. 1107.—General Import and Export.—American International Trading Company of 90 Wall Street, New York City, seek Hongkong connections in the general import and export trade and invite correspondence.

Hongkong, August 18, 1919.

DOCKYARD WORK FOR MALTA.

The Admiralty has sent a ship to Malta for repairs, and further measures are proposed to continue the employment of as many hands as possible. It is emphasised that this cannot be done without detriment to British dockyards, where the necessity of employment exists to a great extent as in Malta.

when war broke out, and William Greig, the veteran artificer golfer, who has taken part in this match for many years, and whose daughter, it may be remembered, caddied for him in the last Amateur Championship at St. Andrews. The Carnoustie side will also be strong, and they start with the moral advantage of the lead or six matched up. The astonishing resource in golfing talent upon which these two places can call is a striking refutation of any suggestion, from whatever quarter it may emanate, that Scottish golf is in no good. After all, it is in the number of its golfers and the average of its golf, rather than in its few best representatives, that the strength of the team lies, and where is the place anywhere South of the Border that could furnish a team of 25 to 30 against these men of St. Andrews or Carnoustie? The Eust would be seriously damaged. The absence of the defendant in Singapore would, after the first performance, in witness' estimation, reduce his takings by half. There was a very good chance of his not being able to perform in Singapore at all without the defendant.

GOLF AT CRUDEN BAY.

In the Cruden Bay Amateur Golf Tournament the first place was taken by Mr. T. Tweedell, Aberdeen University, a medical student. The runner-up was Mr. J. I. Crickshank, a native of Cruden Bay, who as a boy was a caddie on the course and is now a bank clerk at Peterhead.

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'Three men had a quarrel over some water, and pushed each other's faces. The police intervened and the combatants were bound over by the Magistrate.'

A Chinese who was arrested on one of the wharves in the central district for being in unlawful possession of three tins of opium, was fined by Mr. R. E. Lindsell, the magistrate, with the judge's single.

KEEP IT HANDY.

IMMEDIATE relief is necessary in attacks of diarrhoea. Chamberlain's "John and Elizabeth" Remedy should always be on hand. For sale by all chemists.

A DOUBLEFOLD ATTRACTION

AT THE VICTORIA TO-NIGHT.
THE MANILA STRING BAND
WILL DISCOURSE A CAPITAL SELECTION OF MUSIC,
BOTH AT THE MATINEE TO-DAY & TO-NIGHT.

THE OTHER ATTRACTION IS "THE SILVER GIRL,"
A SUPERFINE PHOTO-PLAY THAT IS ABSOLUTELY
PERFECT. FIVE ACTS OF GRIPPING AND REALISTIC
INTENSITY. YOU WILL ENJOY YOURSELVES.
THE VICTORIA THEATRE ALWAYS GIVES VALUE
FOR MONEY.

BANVARD COMPANY
DISPUTE.CLAIM FOR ALLEGED BREACH OF
CONTRACT.

An action has been commenced in the Summary Court of Hongkong in which Mr. W. R. Horley, proprietor of the Banvard Musical Comedy Company, claims from Mr. Rodger Kyte, till recently "leading juvenile man" of the Company, the sum of \$1,000, being damages for breach of a contract entered into between the parties on December 18, 1918.

It was necessary, owing to the departure of the Company for Singapore on Tuesday last, for the evidence to be given before Mr. H. A. Nisbet, the Registrar, on Monday.

Mr. W. R. Horley, proprietor of the Company, stated that although the contract engaging the defendant was signed in December last, the defendant was actually engaged between January 14 and 22. The universal custom in the case of a touring company is that the period of engagement starts from the day of setting out. The Company took train from San Francisco to Seattle on February 14, and he (witness) commenced to pay for the Company's food from that day. The defendant's salary began on or about March 16, when they opened at Yokohama. By the contract the defendant bound himself to play for eight months, and for a further six months at his (Mr. Horley's) option. The eight months commenced from the date of setting out. The Company took train from San Francisco to Seattle on July 6, the defendant asked him to terminate the agreement. He said: "I want to finish and I want to leave in two months." Witness said: "It is impossible. When you have finished your contract you can go home." On August 15 he received a letter from Messrs. Wilkinson and Grist stating that the defendant, having completed his agreement, wished to go back to the States, and asking for his passport. He then went to discuss the matter with the defendant, but found that the latter had left for Canton. Witness estimated that he made an average of \$400 net profit from each performance. The defendant did not appear to perform on August 18 and in consequence the performance advertised for that date had to be cancelled. This caused a loss to him of \$600 working expenses, besides money which he should have received from the public. The Company was due to arrive at Singapore on August 24 and to give ten performances there. The defendant had left for Canton. Witness said: "It is impossible. When you have finished your contract you can go home." On August 15 he received a letter from Messrs. 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SCOTTISH LETTER.

(Continued from page 6.)
SIR A. DUN-EWING'S ESTATE.
Sir Archibald Dun-Ewing, Bart., of
Lemswark, Dumfriesshire, who
died last April, has left no real and
personal estate amounting to
£52,000.

THE PIPES OF WAR.

Bagspipes playing, which is peculiarly associated with war, has lost heavily through the patriotic sacrifices of its exponents. A new MacCrimmon would have to lament the death of some 500 pipers in the war. In addition at least 600 other pipers have been wounded. It is primarily as a memorial to the gallant dead, and as a record of the war services of all those who served their country in the twofold capacity of fighters and inspirers, that a notable work has been compiled which will be published during the autumn. Its title is "The Pipes of War, 1808-1918," and it is published under the auspices of Pipingmen's Society. The compiler is Sir Bruce Scott, Baron of Aberdeen, assisted by Pipe Major John Grant. The book, part, which deals with the achievements of individuals and of battalions, has been built up from first-hand information. In addition there are contributions from Neil Munro, Boyd Codd, George Houston, Stewart Lee, and other well-known writers and artists. And there will be an edition for India.

The Pipingmen's Society propose to institute a Piping School in Scotland to carry on the old piping traditions. The object of Sir Bruce Scott's book is to raise the nucleus of a fund for this national purpose, and I am sure it appeals to the heart of every true Scot at home and abroad.

WHISKY FAMINE PASSWORDS.
A Glasgow man dropped into a licensed "bowf" the other day and asked if he could be supplied with a bottle of whisky or whisky. "That all depends," said the shopman. "I am not an R.C." "I don't see what my religion has got to do with it," replied the customer. "I am not worrying about your religion," retorted the shopman. "I'm asking if you're a Regular Customer."

COULD NOT WORK
WITH LEFT HAND

Came Out In Pimples. Itching Worse At Night. Cuticura Heals.

"My fingers came out in a lot of pimples that peeled and spread all over my hand and I could not sleep. The skin was very sensitive and I could not do any work with my left hand. For five months my hand kept itchy and then I used Cuticura Soap and Cream. My hand is perfectly normal now. I just use a few drops of Cuticura Soap and it cures it. I am not a doctor, but I am a chemist." — J. Smith, 27, Rutherglen, M. Lake Rd., Rutherglen.

Startled police in Paris typified by Cuticura Soap and cream. A number of Cuticura claimants needed to wash their hands and head. Therapeutic for every kind of skin trouble.

Suppose you Ointment to heal. British Chemists & Sons, Ltd., 27, Charing Cross Rd., London, Sold everywhere.

HONGKONG STOCK
EXCHANGE.

HONGKONG, 21st AUGUST, 1918.
OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS.

	11 A.M.
Hongkong Banks	... \$687 b.
Marine Insurance	
Canton Ins.	... 6430 b.
North China Ins.	... T. 220 b.
Union Ins.	... \$2175 b. 220 ss.
Yangtze Ins.	... ... 2800 b.
Far Eastern	... T. 25 b.
FIRE INSURANCE	
China Fire Ins.	... \$133 n.
Hongkong Fire Ins.	... \$340 b.
SHIPPING	
Donglases	... ... 895 a.
H.K. Steamboats	... 844 b.
Indo-China (Prel.)	... 833 n.
Do. (Det.)	... \$193 n. 193 ss.
Shell Transports	... 1807 n.
Star Ferries	... ... 854 b.
RAILWAYS	
China Sugars	... ... 8173 b.
Malabon Sugars	... ... 845 b.
Mowat	
Kallan Mining Adm.	... 60 b.
Langkata	... T. 194 b.
Shanghai Loans	
Shai Explosions	... ... 84 b.
Raube	... ... 810 b.
Tonchon Mines	... ... 448 b.
Ural Caspian	... ... 45 s.
DOCKS, WHARFS, GODOWNS, &c.	
H. & K. Wharfs	... ... 888 b.
H. & W. Docks	... ... 884 b.
Shai Docks	... T. 118 n.
New Engineering	... ... 816 n.
LANDS, HORSES & BUILDINGS	
Central Estates	... ... 8110 b. 110 ss.
Hongkong Hotels	... ... 8124 n.
Hongkong Lands	... ... 8162 n.
Hockferry	... ... 8875 b.
Kowloon Lands	... ... 846 n.
Land Enclosures	... ... 8175 n.
West Pointe	... ... 894 n.
COTTON MILLS	
Two Cottons	... T. 310 b.
King Yik	... T. 207 b.
Lau Kung Mows	... T. 207 n.
Orientals	... T. 112 n.
Shanghai Cottons	... T. 210 n.
Yankeesope	... T. 150 b.
MISCELLANEOUS	
Cements	... ... 85.30 b.
China Borrows	... ... 813 n.
China Lights Old (8)	... ... 825 b.
China Providents	... ... 86 n.
H.K. Electrics	... ... 830 b.
Macao Do.	... ... 834 b.
Hongkong Ropes	... ... 835 b.
H.K. Tramways	... ... 860 b.
Peak Tramways (Old)	... ... 87 b.
Do. (New)	... ... 850 b.
Steel Landries	... ... 834 n.
R.E. Steel Foundry 812 n.
Water-boats 815 n.
Watsons 845 n.
Powells 812 s.
Wisemans 829 n.

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Star Ferries, 854 b.
Railways, ...
China Sugars, 8173 b.
Malabon Sugars, 845 b.
Mowat, ...
Kallan Mining Adm., ... 60 b.
Langkata, ... T. 194 b.
Shanghai Loans, ...
Shai Explosions, 84 b.
Raube, 810 b.
Tonchon Mines, 448 b.
Ural Caspian, 45 s.
Docks, Wharfs, Godowns, &c., ...
H. & K. Wharfs, 888 b.
H. & W. Docks, 884 b.
Shai Docks, ... T. 118 n.
New Engineering, 816 n.
Lands, Horses & Buildings, ...
Central Estates, 8110 b. 110 ss.
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H.K. Steamboats, ... 844 b.
Indo-China (Prel.), ... 833 n.
Do. (Det.), ... \$193 n. 193 ss.
Shell Transports, ... 1807 n.
Star Ferries, 854 b.
Railways, ...
China Sugars, 8173 b.
Malabon Sugars, 845 b.
Mowat, ...
Kallan Mining Adm., ... 60 b.
Langkata, ... T. 194 b.
Shanghai Loans, ...
Shai Explosions, 84 b.
Raube, 810 b.
Tonchon Mines, 448 b.
Ural Caspian, 45 s.
Docks, Wharfs, Godowns, &c., ...
H. & K. Wharfs, 888 b.
H. & W. Docks, 884 b.
Shai Docks, ... T. 118 n.
New Engineering, 816 n.
Lands, Horses & Buildings, ...
Central Estates, 8110 b. 110 ss.
Hongkong Hotels, 8124 n.
Hongkong Lands, 8162 n.
Hockferry, 8875 b.
Kowloon Lands, 846 n.
Land Enclosures, 8175 n.
West Pointe, 894 n.
Cotton Mills, ...
Two Cottons, ... T. 310 b.
King Yik, ... T. 207 b.
Lau Kung Mows, ... T. 207 n.
Orientals, ... T. 112 n.
Shanghai Cottons, ... T. 210 n.
Yankeesope, ... T. 150 b.
Miscellaneous, ...
Cements, 85.30 b.
China Borrows, 813 n.
China Lights Old (8), 825 b.
China Providents, 86 n.
H.K. Electrics, 830 b.
Macao Do., 834 b.
Hongkong Ropes, 835 b.
H.K. Tramways, 860 b.
Peak Tramways (Old), 87 b.
Do. (New), 850 b.
Steel Landries, 834 n.
R.E. Steel Foundry, 812 n.
Water-boats, 815 n.
Watsons, 845 n.
Powells, 812 s.
Wisemans, 829 n.

Hongkong Banks, ... \$687 b.
Marine Insurance, ...
Canton Ins., ... 6430 b.
North China Ins., ... T. 220 b.
Union Ins., ... \$2175 b. 220 ss.
Yangtze Ins., ... 2800 b.
Far Eastern, ... T. 25 b.
Fire Insurance, ...
China Fire Ins., ... \$133 n.
Hongkong Fire Ins., ... \$340 b.
Shipping, ...
Donglases, 895 a.
H.K. Steamboats, ... 844 b.
Indo-China (Prel.), ... 833 n.
Do. (Det.), ... \$193 n. 193 ss.
Shell Transports, ... 1807 n.
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Macao Do., 834 b.
Hongk

MARKET PRODUCE IN HONGKONG.

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT RETAIL PRICES.

AUGUST 1919.

Butcher Meat.

	Cts.
Beef Sirloin.—Mei Lung Fu	18
Prime Cut	20
Cured	21
Roast	20
Breakfast	17
Steak	17
Steak Sirloin	28
Sausages	26
Bull's Brains	10
Tongue, fresh	60
Tongue, corned	60
Head	each 100
Heart	Ngan Sam
Hump, Salt	Ngan Kin
Feet	Ngan Keuk
Kidneys	Ngan Yin
Tail	Ngan Mel
Liver	Ngan Kan
Tripe (undressed)	Ngan To
Calves' Head and Feet	Ngan-tail
Tackuk	set \$1.10
Mutton Chop	Young Pei Kwai
Leg	Young Pol
Shoulder	Young Shan
Saddle	Young On Yuk
Figs	Chu Chong
Prawns	Chu No
Pork	Chu Keuk
Fry	Chu Chap
Bread	Chu Sam
Heart	Chu Sam
Kidneys	Chu Yiu
Liver	Chu Kon
Pork Chop	Chu Pei Kwai
Leg	Chu Fei
Loin	Chu Han Tui
Fat or Lard	Chu Yat
Sheep's Head and Feet	Young Tau-Kuek
Heart	Young Sam
Kidneys	Young Yin each 12
Liver	Young Kos
Sucking Pigs to order	Chu Tai
Beef, Beef	Shang Ngau Yau
Mutton	Shang Young Yau
Veal	Ngau Tai Yau
Sausages	Ngau Tai Chong
Lard	Chu Yan

Fish.

	Cts.
Barbel	Ka Ya
Bream	Pia Ya
Ganoush Fresh Water Fish	Hoi Sin Yu
Carp	Li Ya
Catfish	Chik Ya
Codfish	Mun Ya
Crabs	Hal
Cuttle Fish	Muk Ya
Dab	Sha Mang Ya
Dace	Wong Mei Lap
Dog Fish	Tit To Sha
Eels	Conger
Fresh water	Tam Shui Ya
Frog	Tin Kai
Garoupa	Shek Pan
Gudgeon	Pak Kap Ya
Herring	Tao Pak
Haddock	Heung Kwan Ya
Labrus	Wong Fa Yu
Lash	Wu Yu
Lobster	Lung Ha
Mackerel	Chi Kon
Monk Fish	Mong Ya
Mullet	Tai Yu
Oysters	Shang Ho
Pairo Fish	Kai Kang Ya
Pike	Pai Pan Kong
Plaice	Pai Pan Yu
Pomfret	Black
Pomfret	White
Prawns	Ming Ha
Ray	Pai Pa Sha
Rock Fish	Shek Kon Kwang
Roach	Chen Yu
Salmon	Ma Yan
Shark	Sha Yu
Skate	Po Yu
Shrimps	Ha
Snapper	Lap Yu
Sole	Tat Sha Yu
Tench	Wan Yu
Turbot	Two Hau Yu
Turtle, small, fresh water	Rek Yu

BRITISH JUSTICE.

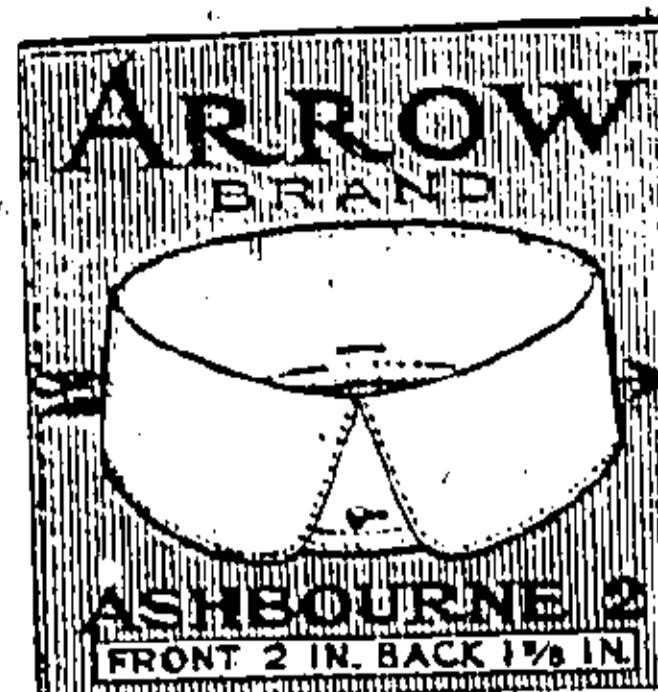
The Daily Mail commenting on the choice of London as the place of trial of the ex-Kaiser says:

It is a great compliment to British justice that London should have been chosen by the Allies for the ex-Kaiser's trial on the express ground that here he is certain of fair treatment. His surrender has to be obtained; but the British Government is under the impression that Holland will yield and give him up, more or less reluctantly, when the Allies address to her their "request." Her present plea that William II is an ordinary political refugee can hardly be maintained. He is arraigned for a supreme offence against international treaties by his treacherous violation of the neutrality of Luxembourg and Bel-

gium—acts of such perfidy against the small and weak States of Europe that if they passed unpunished no retributive justice would have any meaning or force.

The ex-Kaiser was admittedly the "All-Highest War Lord" in Germany. If he escaped—he who was supreme if it would be impossible to try and punish his subordinates for the fearful crimes which the German troops committed. It is understood that, in deference to the United States, an agreement has been reached by which the death penalty shall not be inflicted on him, whatever the verdict. But his trial will be a solemn reminder to the world that no person, however exalted, will hereafter be allowed to evade justice, if he permits or orders flagrant violations of international law and the rules by which mankind has striven to humanise war.

NOTICES.



Poultry.

	Cts.
Chicken, Kai Tai	18
Capon, Small	35
Capon, Large	38
Duck, Ap	26
Dove, Fan Kai	26
Eggs, Hen, Kai Tan (cooking) per doz.	24
Eggs, Hen, Kai Tan (fresh) per doz.	24
Fowls, Canton, Kai	18
Fowls, Hainan, Hol Nam Kai	30
Geese, Ngoo	24
Pigeons, Canton, Pak Kap	each 25
Hothow, Hol Hau Pak Kap	"
Turkeys, Cook, Fo Kai Kuang	60
Turkeys, Hau, Fo Kai Na	46
Snipe, Sha Tani	each
Pheasant, Shan Kai	each
Quail, Om Chun	each
Partridges, Che Ku	each

DON'T FORGET!!!

The Republic Motor Boats for your picnics and outings.
TELEPHONE 307 or 1557.

Write or Call,
MOK LIN, Managing Director.

SHIPS DUE TO ARRIVE.

FROM EUROPE.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMERS.

The American & Manchurian Line s.s. *City of Florence*, left New York on 11th July last and may be expected to arrive at Hongkong about the 18th September.

The P.M.S. Co. s.s. *West Coast* sailed from Manila this morning, and will arrive at this port about the 23rd instant.

Latest Advices.

The P. & O. R.I. & A.L. s.s. *Dunera* left Singapore for this port on the 18th instant, and will be here on the 23rd about daylight.

The T.K.K. s.s. *Aorta* arrived at Yokohama 16th August and will sail Aug. 20.

The s.s. *SHIDZUOKA MARU*, left London July 23 and is due here via Suez September 5.

The s.s. *KIGA MARU*, leaves London Aug. 8 and is due to arrive here via Suez September 16.

The s.s. *YOKOHAMA MARU*, leaves London Aug. 20 and is due here via Suez Sept. 20.

The s.s. *IXION*, due here September 4 and leaves for Shanghai and Taku September 5.

The s.s. *KHIVA*, left London August 1 and is due here via Colombo, Penang and Singapore September 1, and leaves for Shanghai and Japan ports September 13.

The s.s. *PELEUS*, due here September 17 and sails for Shanghai and Japan.

The s.s. *LYCAON*, due here September 21 and sails for Shanghai and Japan.

The s.s. *TELEMACHUS*, due here September 24 and sails for Shanghai and Japan.

The s.s. *MENTOR*, due here September 25 and sails for Shanghai and Japan.

The s.s. *RHEUS*, due here October 6 and sails for Japan October 7.

The s.s. *TEUCER*, due here October 18 and sails for Shanghai and Japan October 17.

FROM SHANGHAI.

FROM JAPAN.

ARRIVALS.

CLEARANCES.

FROM AMERICA.

FROM JAPAN.

FROM CALCUTTA.

FROM MANILLA.

FROM AUSTRALIA.

FROM SINGAPORE.

FROM CHINA.

FROM TAIWAN.

FROM KOREA.

FROM CHINA.

FROM TAIWAN.

FROM CHINA.

FROM TAIWAN.